## **Biology as a chemical phenomenon (Chapter 1)**

Understand the properties of living systems

Know the major classes of molecules of biochemistry and understand their nature as polymers

Be able to quickly and accurately draw and identify key functional groups commonly found in biomolecules and biological processes

Know how the properties of biomolecules make them appropriate for living systems Know the overall biochemical organization of prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells Know the structural features of the cell

Be able to compare and contrast cellular organelles of prokaryotes and eukaryotes

## Water the Medium of Life (Chapter 2)

Know the properties of water that make it an important biological compound Be able to identify and predict noncovalent interactions responsible for macromolecular interactions

Be able to explain how water functions as a solvent for various solutes

Understand how noncovalent interactions are important to 3-D structures of macromolecules

Understand how ionization of water affects the actions of biomolecules

Understand the pH scale and how pKa values are related to pH

Be able to use the Henderson Hasselbach equation to make buffered solutions

Be able to clearly and accurately explain the chemistry surrounding the activity of buffers

Understand the biological importance of buffers and predict buffer capacity from pK values or from titration curves

Be able to sketch appropriate titration curves

## The Role of Thermodynamics in Biochemical Models (Chapter 3)

Understand the first and second laws of thermodynamics and their roles in living systems Understand the relationship between free energy, enthalpy, and entropy

Understand the meaning of spontaneity for a biological process

Understand the relationship between equilibrium constants and free energy changes

Know the standard state conventions defined by biochemists

Be able to describe the significance of the van't hoff plot

Be able to justify the persistent occurrence of energetically unfavorable reactions in living systems

Be able to use your knowledge of chemistry to rationalize the high energy yields of phosphoanhydrides, acylphosphates, and enol phosphates

Understand the significant effects that slight changes in concentrations have on direction of biochemical reactions

## Nucleic Acid Structure (Chapters 10/11)

Have a strong understanding of the roles of DNA and RNA in the molecular processes of storage, retrieval, and transfer of genetic information

Understand the structure of nucleic acids

Understand how nucleotides are covalently organized into components

Be able to quickly and accurately draw structures of all bases, nucleosides, and nucleotides

Understand the tautomeric shifts that occur in purines and pyrimidines Understand the base pairing patterns of nucleic acids and how the acid base properties contribute to this base pairing

Know the naturally occurring conformations of DNA

DNA and understand the role of various proteins in maintaining these structures Understand how DNA is denatured and how base composition governs these processes Know the principle kinds of RNA and understand their structural properties

\*Be able to integrate principles from Chapters 1, 2, 3, 10, and 11 (understand their relationships)