Ramifications of Charlotte Regional Growth and Weekday Activities on Primary and Secondary Emissions

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Objectives

• Show Charlotte regional growth by traffic volumes

• Characterize trends in NO_y, CO, and Ozone monitoring data

• Understand how daily traffic fluctuations affect pollutant levels

Approach Taken

- Characterize daily traffic patterns and growth using available traffic data
- Examine daily and long-term trends in primary pollutants NO_y and CO; relate traffic patterns to primary pollutants
- Assess emission patterns from power plants
- Evaluate changes in Ozone concentrations; compare the long-term ozone trend to traffic growth, precursor trends, & temperature

Traffic, Monitor, and Power Plant Sites



Traffic Sites

Roadway	Tachograph Loc.	Data Available
Interstate 77	SC Welcome Center Between Exits 88 & 90	June-August 1990-1997 (Hourly data)
South Blvd (Hwy 521)	Between Poindexter & Marsh @ Pepsi Plant	May-Sept 1990-1998, (7-8AM, 5-6PM, Daily)
Wilkinson Blvd (Hwy 29&74)	Remount Rd Intersection	May-Sept 1990-1998, (7-8AM, 5-6PM, Daily)
Graham St.	Past Railroad Tracks @ 12th St.	May-Sept 1990-1998, (7-8AM, 5-6PM, Daily)

I-77 Traffic Volume vs Time of Day

(June-August 1990-1997)





Average Daily Traffic Volume vs Year

(South Blvd: May-Sept., I-77: June-August)





(June-August)



South Blvd Average Traffic Volume vs Year (May-September)



Plaza Average Hourly COConcentrations

(May-September 1993-1998)





Average 7-8 Am CO Concentrations vs Year

(May-September 1993-1998)





(May-September 1995-1998)



Regional NO_x Sources

- 1997 Gaston County Power Plant Emissions
 - 12,930 tons (Allen)
 - 3,780 tons (Riverbend)
- 1996 Mecklenburg County Emissions
 - 17,295 tons (mobile sources)
 - 687 tons (stationary sources)

Allen Average NO_x Emissions vs Time of Day

(May-September 1997-1998)





Fluctuations in Average 7-8 AM CO₂ and NO_x

(Allen and Riverbend Plants, May-Sept. 1997-1998)





(All Monitors)















July Max Avg Temp and 8 hr O₃ Levels



August Max Avg Temp and 8 hr O₃ Levels







Changes in May-Sept Average Daily Maximum 8 Hr Ozone Level

Monitoring Site	1994 Average	1998 Average	% Increase
County	0.055	0.071	29
Arrowwood	0.048	0.065	35
Plaza	0.052	0.067	29



Holiday Fluctuations in 1hr Max O_3 , & 7-8 AM CO, NO_y & Traffic (Labor and Memorial Day, F-R Week, All Monitors, 17 Weeks of O_3 Data)





Conclusions

- Weekend traffic reductions correlate with NO_y and to a lesser extent with CO
- Weekend traffic reduction appears to have little immediate effect on Ozone levels; there seems to be a small cumulative effect from current and previous days' activities
- Power production emulates traffic pattern; NO_x power plant emissions vary little within each week

Conclusions

- Average May-Sept daily 7-8 AM NO_y and 7-8 AM CO levels in the region appear to be on the rise
- Average daily maximum Ozone readings at all three monitoring sites in Mecklenburg County have been rising since 1994
- Long-term trends in ozone are influenced by temperature

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Additional Supporting O₃ and Temperature Graphs

 O₃ and temperature graphs for the months of May, June and September follow. The months of July and August are depicted in the presentation.

May Max Avg Temp and 8 hr O₃ Levels



June Max Avg Temp and 8 hr O₃ Levels



September Max Avg Temp and 8 hr O₃ Levels

