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## Chapter 12 - Enzyme Kinetics

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## Chapter 12 - Enzyme Kinetics

Your email address ([grossoehmen2@mailbox.winthrop.edu](mailto:grossoehmen2@mailbox.winthrop.edu)) was recorded when you submitted this form.

Match the rate constant units with the reaction order.

	0th order	1st order	2nd order
1/s	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>
1/M*1/s	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input checked="" type="radio"/>
M/s	<input checked="" type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>	<input type="radio"/>

Which process is an equilibrium in Michaelis-Menten kinetics?

- ES  $\rightarrow$  E + P
- E + S  $\rightarrow$  ES
- E + S  $\rightarrow$  E + P

What is meant by a "Steady State Approximation"?

[ES] does not change as the reaction proceeds

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**When  $V_0 = V_{max}/2$ ,  $K_m =$  \_\_\_\_.**

Sorry, Google Forms don't do subscripts.

**Which of the following refers to a second order reaction?**

- $k_{cat}$
- $K_m$
- $k_{cat}/K_m$

**The Steady State Kinetics model can determine a reaction mechanism.**

- True
  - False
- It cannot determine if intermediates form during the reaction progress.

**Reactions that involve multiple substrates can be modeled with Michaelis Menten kinetics**

- True
  - False
- Kinetic experiments and equations can be derived, but they are more complicated than M-M equation

**Methanol poisoning is treated by getting someone intoxicated with ethanol. This is an example of \_\_\_\_\_ inhibition.**

- competitive
- uncompetitive

**Which form of inhibition always decreases the apparent  $K_m$  and  $V_{max}$ ?**

- competitive
  - mixed
  - uncompetitive
- Note that there was a typo in the reading questions - it said increase instead of decrease.  
None of these forms always increases both variables - Mixed CAN increase both, but it can also lead to a decrease in  $K_M$ . See Table 12.2 for a summary

**Feedback inhibition is a form of \_\_\_\_\_. Select all that apply.**

- Mixed inhibition
- allosteric regulation
- competitive inhibition

uncompetitive inhibition

**What is a common form of enzyme control through covalent modifications?**

- phosphorylation
- yeah, it must be phosphorylation
- no, seriously, choose phosphorylation.
- metabolic pathways are turned on/off because of phosphorylation triggered by extracellular signals. So choose the first one.

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