Name $\qquad$

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This exam is schedule for 75 minutes and I anticipate it to take the full time allotted. You are free to leave if you finish.

In multiple part problems, points awarded will not be penalized for incorrect answer on previous parts, so simply move on if you get stuck on one part.

Always neatly show work for partial credit.
Completely stuck on a problem, you can "buy" hints for points.

1. Identify the SI Units for each of the following:
$\qquad$
Area of a circle $\rightarrow$
Density $\rightarrow$

Frequency $\rightarrow$ $\qquad$
2. As atoms increase in size, $A$ increases more quickly than $Z$. Explain why.
3. Consider the ionization energies observed to the right. Justify the changes seen in $A, B$, and $C$.

4. What is meant by particle-wave duality and why is it important? Be specific.
5. Calculate the frequency of a photon with energy of $1.826 \times 10^{-12} \mu \mathrm{~J}$.
6. How many neutrons are present in the nucleus of the ${ }^{113} \mathrm{I} \mathrm{n}$ ? Note: this element has an atomic number of 49 .
7. For each element, select the most correct group from this list: halogen, transition metal, metalloid, alkali metal, noble gas, alkali earth metal

Sodium ( $Z=11$ ) Arsenic $(Z=33)$
Bromine ( $Z=35$ )
Copper ( $Z=29$ )
8. What is meant by "quantization of energy"? Be specific.
9. Determine the energy and wavelength of the photon needed to move an electron from the ground state of a hydrogen atom to the $6^{\text {th }}$ energy level. Report your answer in SI units.
10. Consider an electron found in the $4^{\text {th }}$ shell in an orbital shaped like the one you see to the right.
a. What type of orbital is this electron in?
b. Determine two sets of quantum numbers that could describe this electron.

11. Identify an element would have an excited state electron with this set of quantum numbers $[4,2,-2,1 / 2]$.
12. Write the ground state electron configuration for each of the following. You may use shorthand notation for. Circle the valence electrons on each atom.
a. Silicon
b. Silver $(Z=47)$
c. Bismuth $(Z=83)$

Don't forget to circle the valence electrons!
13. Is silicon paramagnetic or diamagnetic? Clearly explain how you arrived at your answer.
14. The emission spectrum of a magnesium atom includes a photon at 102.6 nm . This emission is the result of relaxation of an electron from the $1^{\text {st }}$ excited state to the ground state.
d. Identify the initial and final orbitals for this transition.
e. What is the difference in energy between the two orbitals you identified above?
15. When a photon with a wavelength of 202.2 nm strikes a potassium atom, an electron is ejected travelling at $1.469 \mathrm{Mm} / \mathrm{s}$. What is the threshold energy of potassium?
16. Indium has two stable isotopes. Using the information in the table, determine the abundance of the ${ }^{113} \mathrm{In}$ isotope:

| Isotope | Exact Mass <br> (amu) |
| :---: | :---: |
| Indium-113 | 112.904 |
| Indium-115 | 114.904 |

17. The first 8 ionization energies of element " $X$ " are shown below (in aJ - note $1 \mathrm{aJ}=10^{-18} \mathrm{~J}$ ).

| $\mathrm{IE}_{1}$ | IE | IE | $\mathrm{IE}_{3}$ | IE | IE | IE | IE |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 1.68 | 3.17 | 4.84 | 8.24 | 10.42 | 35.32 | 42.23 | 49.60 |

Explain why the ionization energies are getting larger.

How many valence electrons does $X$ have? Briefly justify your answer.

What group does X belong to?
18. The density of ${ }^{75} \mathrm{As}$ is $5.727 \mathrm{~g} \mathrm{~mL}^{-1}$. Assuming atoms are prefect spheres, calculate the radius and report it in SI units.

## Equations and constants:

$$
\begin{aligned}
& E=h v \\
& E_{n}=\frac{-2.18 \times 10^{-18} J}{n^{2}} Z^{2} \\
& E=\frac{h c}{\lambda} \\
& E=\frac{h c}{\lambda} \\
& E_{\text {photon }}=\phi+E_{K} \\
& E_{k}=1 / 2 \mathrm{mv}^{2} \\
& E_{\text {potential }} \propto \frac{q_{1} q_{2}}{r} \\
& m_{\text {electron }}=9.109 \times 10^{-31} \mathrm{~kg} \\
& m_{\text {proton }}=1.673 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{~kg} \\
& m_{\text {neutron }}=1.675 \times 10^{-27} \mathrm{~kg} \\
& V_{\text {sphere }}=\frac{4}{3} \pi r^{3} \\
& A_{\text {circle }}=\pi r^{2}
\end{aligned}
$$

